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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/007,193	12/04/2001	Jeffery Alan Smith	60027.0063US01/BS 01213	3553	
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BELLSOUTH CORPORATION			PAN, JOSEPH T		
P.O. BOX 2903 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-0903			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,		2135		

DATE MAILED: 06/22/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summany	10/007,193	SMITH, JEFFERY ALAN		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
The MAIL INC DATE of this communication and	Joseph Pan	2135		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sneet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl' - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>04 D</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.			
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 04 December 2001 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	re: a) \square accepted or b) \square object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage		
Attachment(s)		,		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)				
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Paper No(s)/Mail Date Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-4, 12-15, 16-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Sanschagrin et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,295,540).

Referring to claims 1, 12, 16:

Sanschagrin et al. teach:

A method of providing read-only access to network element configuration, comprising:

Receiving a request to access said configuration data for said network element (see column 3, lines 4-5 of Sanschagrin et al.);

Initiating a communication session with said network element (see column 3, lines 5-8 of Sanschagrin et al.);

Receiving said configuration data from said network element (see column 3, lines 8-10 of Sanschagrin et al.); and

Transmitting said configuration data as a response to said request in the format selected, e.g. read-only format (see column 7, lines 47-51 of Sanschagrin et al.).

Referring to claims 2, 13, 17:

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Sanschagrin et al. teach the claimed subject matter: a method for providing read-only access to network element configuration data. Sanschagrin et al. further disclose that the request to access the configuration data comprises the type of data to be returned for said network element (e.g. network element type, trail ID, slot ID, the ratio of carrier on a certain trail, etc.) (see column 6, lines 10-13 of Sanschagrin et al.).

Referring to claims 3, 14, 18:

Sanschagrin et al. teach the claimed subject matter: a method for providing read-only access to network element configuration data. Sanschagrin et al. further disclose that administrative features including security and logon procedure will facilitate a user performing the query request (see column 7, lines 39-42, and lines 62-65 of Sanschagrin et al.).

Referring to claims 4, 15, 19:

Sanschagrin et al. teach the claimed subject matter: a method for providing read-only access to network element configuration data. Sanschagrin et al. further disclose that the method further comprising:

Retrieving previously stored configuration data associated with said network element form a database (see column 3, lines 5-10 of Sanschagrin et al.);

Comparing said previously stored configuration data to said configuration data received from said network element (see column 3, lines 10-12 Sanschagrin et al.);

Determine whether said previously stored configuration data and said configuration data received from the network element are identical (see column 3, lines 10-12 Sanschagrin et al.);

In response to determining that said previously stored configuration data and said configuration data received from said network element are not identical, storing said configuration data received from said network element in said database (see figure 4, element 13-2; and column 7, lines 8-10 of Sanschagrin et al.).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 5-11, 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sanschagrin et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,295,540), further in view of Branton, Jr. et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,870,558).

Referring to claims 5, 20:

- i. Sanschagrin et al. teach the claimed subject matter: a method for providing read-only access to network element configuration data. However, Sanschagrin et al. do not specifically mention that the request is received at a web site.
- ii. Branton, Jr. et al. disclose a system for effectively retrieving and managing network data, wherein a web server interfaces between the company-wide intranet and the network management system (see column 4, lines 4-6 of Branton, Jr. et al.).
- iii. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Branton, Jr. et al. into the system of Sanschagrin et al. to provide a web server interface for effectively retrieving and managing network data.
- iv. The ordinary skilled person would have been motivated to have applied the teaching of Branton, Jr. et al. into the system of Sanschagrin et al. to provide a web server interface, so that any authorized user can access the network management system via a standard web browser program that

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communicates with the web server via Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP). Such programs are generally available for a wide variety of computer platforms (see column 4, lines 6-10 of Branton, Jr. et al.).

Referring to claims 6, 11:

Sanschagrin et al. and Branton, Jr. et al. teach the claimed subject matter: a method for providing read-only access to network element configuration data. Branton, Jr. et al. further disclose that the web server resides in intranet (see column 4, lines 4-6 of Branton, Jr. et al.).

Referring to claim 7:

Sanschagrin et al. and Branton, Jr. et al. teach the claimed subject matter: a method for providing read-only access to network element configuration data. Branton, Jr. et al. further disclose that the network element is located on an optical network (see column 2, lines 18-24 of Branton, Jr. et al.).

Referring to claim 8:

i. Sanschagrin et al. teach:

A system for providing read-only access to network element configuration data, comprising:

A network element operative to store configuration data describing the current configuration state of the network element, and further operative to provide said configuration data in response to requests for said data (see column 1, lines 16-19 of Sanschagrin et al.);

A server computer at which a request may be received to view said configuration data (see column 3, lines 4-5 of Sanschagrin et al.); to retrieve said configuration data from said network element in response to said request (see column 3, lines 5-10 of Sanschagrin et al.); and to provide said configuration data in read-only format in response to said request (see column 7, lines 47-51 of Sanschagrin et al.).

ii. Sanschagrin et al. teach the claimed subject matter: a method for providing read-only access to network element configuration data. However, Sanschagrin et al. do not specifically mention that the network

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element is located on an optical network, and that the server provides a web site interface. On the other hand, Branton, Jr. et al. disclose a system wherein a web server interfaces between the company-wide intranet and the network management system (see column 4, lines 4-6 of Branton, Jr. et al.). Branton, Jr. et al. further disclose that the network element is located on an optical network (see column 2, lines 18-24 of Branton, Jr. et al.).

- iii. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Branton, Jr. et al. into the system of Sanschagrin et al. to provide a web server interface for effectively retrieving and managing network data, and to use an optical network in the system.
- iv. The ordinary skilled person would have been motivated to have applied the teaching of Branton, Jr. et al. into the system of Sanschagrin et al. to provide a web server interface, so that any authorized user can access the network management system via a standard web browser program that communicates with the web server via Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP). Such programs are generally available for a wide variety of computer platforms (see column 4, lines 6-10 of Branton, Jr. et al.). The ordinary skilled person would have been motivated to have applied the teaching of Branton, Jr. et al. into the system of Sanschagrin et al. to use an optical network in the system, because it is well known to those skilled in the art of fiber optical networks that optical network (e.g. SONET) is designed to carry large volume of traffic over relatively long distance on fiber optical cable.

Referring to claim 9:

Sanschagrin et al. and Branton, Jr. et al. teach the claimed subject matter: a system for providing read-only access to network element configuration data. Sanschagrin et al. further disclose that administrative features including security and logon procedure will facilitate a user performing the query request (see column 7, lines 39-42, and lines 62-65 of Sanschagrin et al.).

Referring to claim 10:

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Sanschagrin et al. and Branton, Jr. et al. teach the claimed subject matter: a system for providing read-only access to network element configuration data. Sanschagrin et al. further disclose that the system further comprising:

Retrieving previously stored configuration data associated with said network element form a database (see column 3, lines 4-10 of Sanschagrin et al.);

Comparing said previously stored configuration data to said configuration data received from said network element (see column 3, lines 10-12 Sanschagrin et al.);

Determine whether said previously stored configuration data and said configuration data received from the network element are identical (see column 3, lines 10-12 Sanschagrin et al.);

In response to determining that said previously stored configuration data and said configuration data received from said network element are not identical, storing said configuration data received from said network element in said database (see column 7, lines 8-10 Sanschagrin et al.).

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph Pan whose telephone number is 571-272-5987.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Vu can be reached at 571-272-3859. The fax and phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-2100.

Joseph Pan June 20, 2005

KIM VU

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